

Inverse and Identity Property of Addition

Use identity and inverse property of addition to fill in the missing number.

1) $2 + \underline{\quad} = 0$	2) $\underline{\quad} + 17 = 17$	3) $0 + \underline{\quad} = -21$
4) $\underline{\quad} + 18 = 0$	5) $0 + \underline{\quad} = 5$	6) $\underline{\quad} + 0 = 12$
7) $6 + \underline{\quad} = 6$	14) $(-13) + \underline{\quad} = 0$	9) $(-24) + \underline{\quad} = -24$
10) $\underline{\quad} + 11 = 0$	11) $0 + \underline{\quad} = 9$	12) $\underline{\quad} + 0 = 28$
13) $26 + \underline{\quad} = 0$	14) $\underline{\quad} + 16 = 16$	15) $0 + \underline{\quad} = -4$
16) $3 + \underline{\quad} = 3$	17) $(-10) + \underline{\quad} = 0$	18) $(-19) + \underline{\quad} = -19$
19) $14 + \underline{\quad} = 0$	20) $\underline{\quad} + 22 = 22$	21) $0 + \underline{\quad} = -2$
22) $\underline{\quad} + 29 = 0$	23) $0 + \underline{\quad} = 20$	24) $\underline{\quad} + 0 = 1$
25) $23 + \underline{\quad} = 23$	26) $(-15) + \underline{\quad} = 0$	27) $(-27) + \underline{\quad} = -27$
28) $\underline{\quad} + 25 = 25$	29) $\underline{\quad} + 6 = 0$	30) $0 + \underline{\quad} = 8$